

**UNIT I****Chapter 1 : Overview Of Sub-Stations****1-1 to 1-20**

Need of electrical substation. Factors governing the selection of the site of the sub-station, Classification of sub-station based on voltage level, indoor and outdoor, configuration, application various symbols used in single line diagram.

Conductor used in main bus Auxiliary bus for 11KV, 33KV, 132KV Substation.

Typical earth resistance values of various substation and Structures as per IE Rules:-11KV, 33KV, 132KV substation and double pole structure, transmission tower (tower foot Resistance).

General safety rules to be followed to minimize the risk of electrical hazards in Substation

1.1	Need of Electrical Substation.....	1-2
1.1.1	Factors governing the selection of Site of the Sub-station	1-4
1.1.2	Classification of Substations.....	1-4
1.1.2.1	Classification of Sub-station based on Voltage Level.....	1-5
1.1.2.2	Classification of Substation based on Design.....	1-5
1.1.2.3	Comparison between Outdoor and Indoor Sub-Stations.....	1-7
1.1.2.4	Classification of Substation by Survive Rendered.....	1-8
1.1.2.5	Classification of substation by Importance.....	1-8
1.1.2.6	Classification of substation by Nature of Duties.....	1-8
1.1.3	Configured Grid Substation	1-9
1.1.4	Various Symbols used in Single Line Diagram.....	1-10
1.2	Conductor used in main Bus and Auxiliary for 11 kv substation, 33 kv, 132 kv substation.....	1-13
1.2.1	Conductor used in Main Bus and Auxiliary Bus for Sub-station.....	1-13
1.2.2	Properties of material used for Main and Auxiliary Bus.....	1-14
1.3	Earthing Resistance.....	1-14
1.3.1	Factors Affecting Earth Resistance	1-15
1.3.2	Typical Earth Resistance Valves of various Sub-station and Structures as per IE rules...	1-16
1.3.3	Tower Footing Resistance	1-16



1.4 General Safety Rules to be Followed to Minimize the Risk of Electrical Hazards in Sub-station	1-18
1.4.1 Causes of Electrical Fire due to Electrical reasons in Substation.....	1-19
1.4.2 Properties of Conducting Materials.....	1-19

UNIT II**Chapter 2 : 11 KV Sub Station****2-1 to 2-28**

Need for pole mounted and plinth mounted substation

11KV/ 440 volt Pole mounted substation equipment and accessories- functions and rating of three phase distribution transformer, Lightning arrester(LA), Metering Current transformer(CT), Metering voltage transformer(PT), Air Break Switch(AB switch), Drop Out fuse, insulators and distribution box.

Layout and single line diagram of pole mounted substation.

Insulation resistance measurement.

Earthing - equipment earthing and system earthing.

Earth resistance measurement and method of improving earth resistance

Routine, preventive and breakdown maintenance

Safety practices followed during routine, preventive and breakdown maintenance.

2.1 Introduction	2-1
2.2 Need for Pole Mounted Substation	2-3
2.3 Need for Plinth Mounted Substation.....	2-3
2.4 11 KV / 440 V pole Mounted Substation.....	2-4
2.4.1 Distribution Transformer.....	2-4
2.4.2 Lightning Arrester.....	2-6
2.4.3 Instrument Transformer.....	2-7
2.4.3.1 Metering Current Transformer.....	2-8
2.4.3.2 Metering Potential / Voltage Transformer PT	2-8
2.4.4 Air Break Switch (Isolator) (AB switch).....	2-9
2.4.5 Drop Out (DO) Fuse.....	2-11



2.4.6	Circuit Breaker.....	2-12
2.4.7	Distribution Panel Board / Box	2-13
2.4.8	Insulator.....	2-13
2.4.8.1	Operational Difference between Air Break Switch and Isolator Switch.....	2-14
2.5	Layout of 11 KV / 440 V Pole Mounted Sub-station	2-15
2.5.1	Layout of pole mounted 11 KV / 440 v substation	2-15
2.5.2	Single Line Diagram of Pole Mounted Sub-station.....	2-15
2.6	Insulation Resistance Measurement.....	2-16
2.6.1	Insulation Resistance Test	2-17
2.6.2	Procedure of Insulation Resistance test of Transformer	2-18
2.7	Earthing	2-19
2.7.1	Purpose of sub-station Earthing System	2-19
2.7.2	Equipment Earthing (Safety or body earthing)	2-19
2.7.3	Neutral Point Earthing.....	2-20
2.7.3.1	Types of Neutral / System Earthing.....	2-21
2.7.3.2	Difference between Equipment and Neutral Earthing.....	2-21
2.8	Earth Resistance Measurement	2-22
2.8.1	Method of Improving the Earth Resistance	2-23
2.9	Maintenance of 11 KV Pole Mounted Substation	2-24
2.9.1	Routine Maintenance for Pole Mounted Substation.....	2-24
2.9.2	Preventive Maintenance	2-25
2.9.3	Breaking Maintenance	2-25
2.10	Safety Practices Followed During Routine, Preventive and Breakdown Maintenance.....	2-26

**UNIT III****Chapter 3 : 33 KV Substation****3-1 to 3-38**

Need of 33KV/11KV substation.

33KV/11KV Substation Equipment Accessories, Functions and Rating of : power transformer, Lightning arrester (LA), Instrument transformer- Current transformer(CT) and Potential Transformer(PT), HT Fuses, Isolating switches(Isolator), Insulators, Control and relay Panel, station transformer, capacitor Bank, Battery and Charger and circuit Breaker.

Layout and single line diagram of 33KV Substation.

Earthing : Equipment earthing and system earthling.

Routine, Preventive and Breakdown maintenance.

BDV(break down Voltage) Test on Power transformer oil.

Safety Practices Followed during Routine, Preventive and breakdown Maintenance.

Fire-fighting Equipment For The different situations In the substation.

3.1	Need of 33 KV/11 KV Sub-station	3-1
3.2	33 kV/11 kV Substation Equipment and Accessories with Functions and ratings	3-2
3.2.1	Power Transformer	3-2
3.2.2	Lightning Arrester (LA).....	3-3
3.2.3	Instrument Transformer.....	3-4
3.2.3.1	Current Transformer	3-4
3.2.3.2	Voltage Transformers.....	3-6
3.2.4	HT Fuse (Power Fuse in High Voltage)	3-7
3.2.5	Isolating Switches (Isolator)	3-9
3.2.6	Control and Relay Panel	3-10
3.2.7	Capacitor Bank.....	3-12
3.2.8	Battery and Charger	3-13
3.2.8.1	Importance of Battery in Sub-station	3-15
3.2.9	Circuit Breaker.....	3-15
3.2.10	Station Transformer.....	3-17



3.3	Layout and Single Line Diagram of 33 kV Substation.....	3-17
3.4	Earthing	3-18
3.4.1	Functional Requirements of Earthing System.....	3-18
3.4.2	Procedure and Technical Consideration in Sub-station Earthing System.....	3-19
3.4.3	Methods of Improving Resistance.....	3-19
3.4.4	Earth Electrode	3-20
3.4.5	Entrancing Material used for Earthing of Rocky Land	3-21
3.4.6	Ground Enhancement Material.....	3-21
3.5	Routine Preventive and Breakdown Maintenance	3-23
3.5.1	Power Transformer	3-23
3.5.2	Circuit Breaker Maintenance (Oil).....	3-25
3.5.3	Air Break Switch (AB Switch) Maintenance	3-26
3.5.4	Maintenance Related to Earthing	3-27
3.5.5	Capacitor Bank Maintenance	3-27
3.5.6	Maintenance of Vacuum Circuit Breaker	3-29
3.5.7	Maintenance of Air Blast Circuit Breaker	3-30
3.5.8	Maintenance of Dry Type Transformer	3-31
3.6	BDV (Break Down Voltage) Test on Power Transformer Oil.....	3-32
3.6.1	What is Break Down Voltage Test in Transformer Oil	3-32
3.6.2	Procedure for BVD Test Transformer Oil	3-33
3.7	Safely Practices followed During Routine, Preventive and Breakdown Maintenance.....	3-34
3.8	Fire Fighting Equipment for the Different Situations in the Station	3-36
3.8.1	Necessity of the Fire Fighting System.....	3-36
3.8.2	Equipment for the Different Situations in the Substation	3-36

**UNIT IV****Chapter 4 : 132 KV Substation****4-1 to 4-36**

Need of 132KV/33KV substation, 132KV/33Kv Substation Equipment and Accessories , Functions and rating of power transformer, Lightning arrester(LA), Instrument Transformer - Current transformer(CT) , Potential transformer(PT), Capacitor voltage transformer(CVT) ,HT Fuses, Isolating switches(Isolator), Insulators, control and relay Panel, Station transformer, Capacitor Bank, Battery Charger, Wave Trap/wave Drum, power line carrier communication(PLCC) & Circuit breaker.

Single line diagram of 132KV/33KV substation, Earthing :- Equipment Earthing and system earthing. Step potential, touch potential, Mesh Potential, transferred Potential, earth Mat Or Grid. Routine, Preventive & Breakdown maintenance, Safety Practices Followed during Routine, Preventive and breakdown Maintenance, Firefighting Equipment For The different situation In the substation. Non-contact type Thermal sensor to locate and record Hot spot In Substation

4.1	Layout of Substation	4-1
4.2	Equipment and Accessories of 132 kv /33kv Substation.....	4-2
4.2.1	Power Transformer.....	4-2
4.2.2	Lightning Arrester.....	4-3
4.2.3	Instrument Transformer.....	4-4
4.2.3.1	Current Transformer (CT).....	4-4
4.2.3.2	Potential Transformer.....	4-5
4.2.4	Capacitor Voltage Transformer (CVT)	4-6
4.2.5	Isolating Switch (Isolator).....	4-8
4.2.6	Insulators.....	4-9
4.2.7	Control and Relay Panel.....	4-10
4.2.8	Capacitor Bank.....	4-11
4.2.9	Battery and Charger.....	4-12
4.2.10	Wave Trap / Wave Drum.....	4-13
4.2.11	Power Line Carrier Communication (PLCC)	4-14
4.2.12	Circuit Breaker.....	4-16



4.2.13	HT Fuse.....	4-18
4.2.14	Station Transformer.....	4-18
4.3	Single Line diagram of 132kv/133kv Substation.....	4-18
4.4	Earthing	4-19
4.4.1	Earth Mat or Grid.....	4-19
4.4.2	Construction of Earth Mat.....	4-19
4.4.3	Procedure of Laying Earthing Mat	4-20
4.4.4	Comparison between chemical Earthing and conventional earthing.....	4-21
4.5	Important Terms.....	4-22
4.5.1	Step Voltage.....	4-22
4.5.2	Touch Potential Voltage	4-23
4.5.3	Transferred potential	4-24
4.5.4	Mesh voltage	4-24
4.6	Routine, Preventive and breakdown Maintenance of 132 kv / 33 kv Substation.....	4-24
4.6.1	Maintenance of SF ₆ Circuit Breaker.....	4-25
4.7	Safety Practices Followed during Routine, Preventive and breakdown Maintenance	4-27
4.8	Necessity of Fire Fighting System	4-27
4.8.1	Fire-fighting Equipment for the Different Situation in the Substation.....	4-28
4.8.2	Portable Fire Extinguishers.....	4-30
4.9	Non contact Type thermal sensor to locate and record hot spot (s) in a substation	4-30
4.9.1	Causes of hot spot formation	4-30
4.9.2	Thermal Imaging Cameras	4-31
4.9.3	Methods of identification.....	4-32
4.9.4	Advantages, Disadvantages and Applications of IR thermography.....	4-33
4.10	Personal Protective Equipment's (PPE's).....	4-34
4.11	Procedure for before Charging the Line.....	4-34
4.12	Procedure of Shut down or Isolation of lines/system	4-35

**UNIT V****Chapter 5 : Gas Insulated Substation****5-1 to 5-20**

Need Of gas Insulated Substation (GIS), Essential parts of GIS, Advantages of GIS, Drawback of GIS, Single Line diagram of GIS, Partial discharge monitoring, Routine, Preventive & Break down maintenance of GIS, Safety Practices Followed during Routine, Preventive and breakdown Maintenance, Firefighting equipment used in GIS.

5.1	Need of Gas Insulated Substation (GIS)	5-1
5.1.1	Properties of SF ₆ Gas.....	5-2
5.1.2	Location of GIS	5-3
5.1.3	Advantages of GIS.....	5-3
5.1.4	Disadvantages of GIS.....	5-4
5.2	Essential parts / Component / Equipment's of GIS	5-4
5.2.1	Bus Bar.....	5-6
5.2.2	Connectors	5-6
5.2.3	Insulating Materials and Insulators.....	5-7
5.2.4	Disconnecter	5-7
5.2.5	Circuit Breaker.....	5-8
5.2.6	Current transformer.....	5-9
5.2.7	Earth Switch	5-9
5.2.8	Control Panel	5-10
5.2.9	Voltage Transformers.....	5-11
5.3	Basic Single Line Diagram of GIS.....	5-11
5.3.1	Single Line Diagram of GIS.....	5-12
5.4	Partial Discharge Monitoring.....	5-12
5.4.1	Causes of Partial Discharge.....	5-13
5.4.2	How does Partial Discharge Occurs.....	5-13



5.4.3	Effect of a Performance of GIS due to PD.....	5-14
5.4.4	UHF (Ultra High Frequency) Method of Identifying the Location of Partial Discharge	5-15
5.5	Routine, Preventive and Breakdown Maintenance of GIS.....	5-16
5.6	Difference between Air Insulated Substation and Gas Insulated Substation.....	5-18
5.7	Surge Protection for LED Mast Lights (Masts Protection)	5-19
